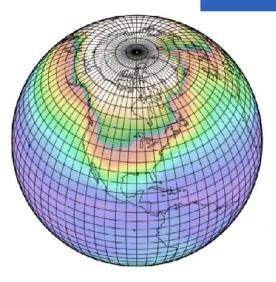
Climate Change: Predictions, Impacts, and Responses

Karl Schrass
National Wildlife Federation



Climate Models

Global Climate Models (GCMs)



Models are selected based on their ability to simulate the observed record of climate related data



Emissions Scenarios

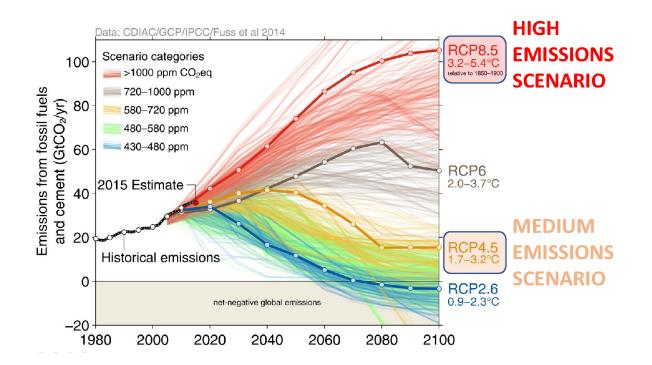
RCP, what's it to me?

Complicated name, simple concept.

The number after "RCP" represents a specific hypothetical future.

The higher the number, the higher the emissions.

RCP8.5 sometimes referred to as "business as usual".



Downscaling

OK, but what does this tell me about my community?

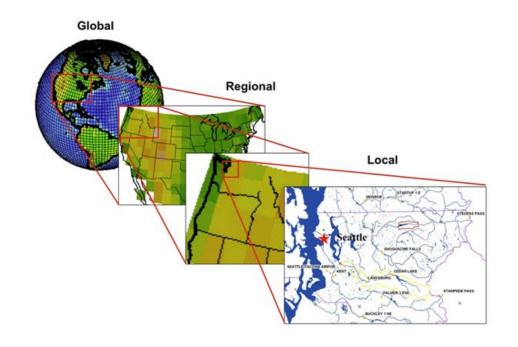
The process by which information available at large scale is used to make predictions at local scales.

Why do we need to downscale?

Global climate data is too coarse

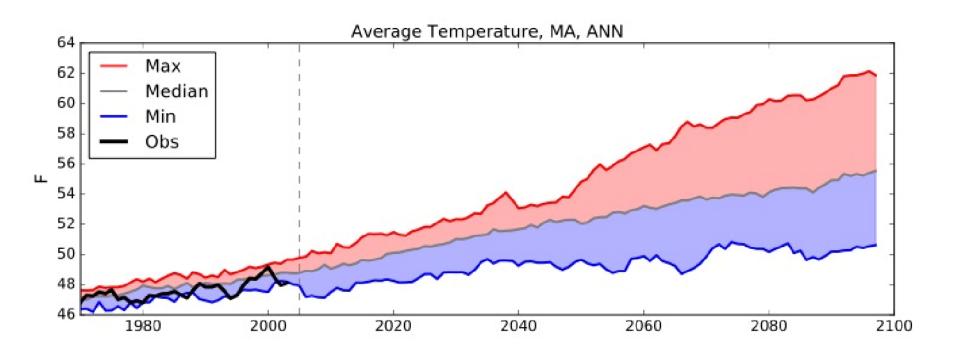
How do we downscale?

- Develop local statistical models for the relationship between local, climate influenced variable (e.g. water temperature and precipitation) and apply these local models to the information derived from global climate models.



Local Climate Predictions for Massachusetts

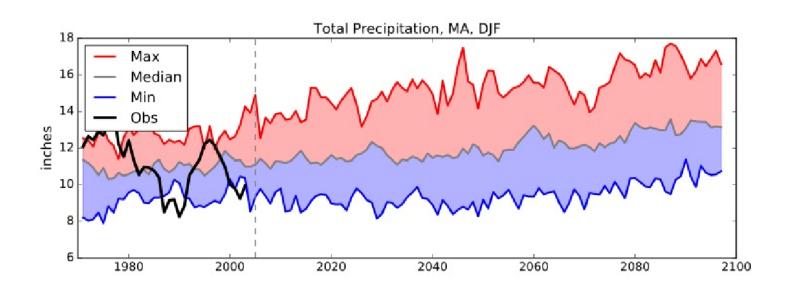
Average Temperature

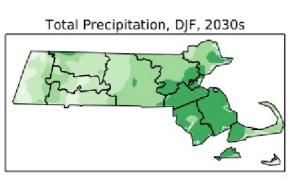


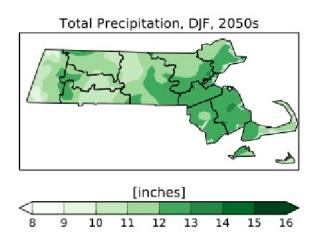


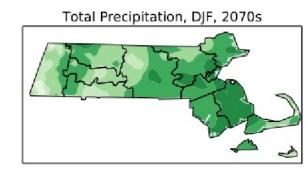


Winter (DJF) Precipitation





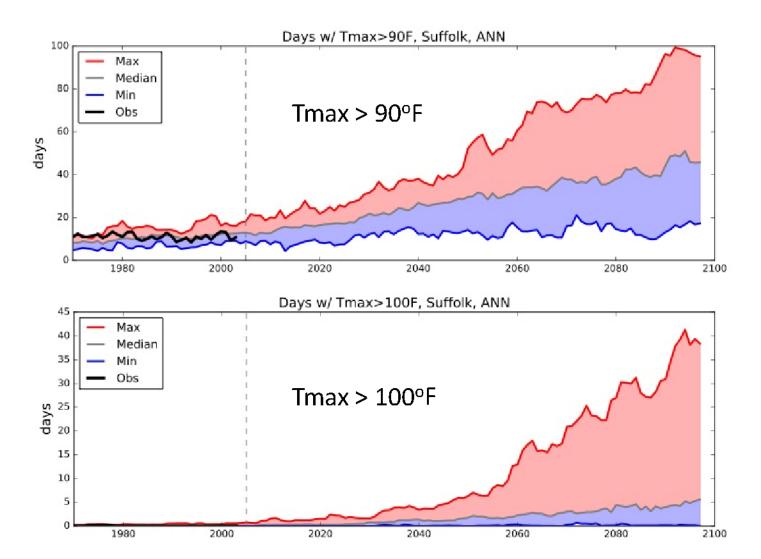








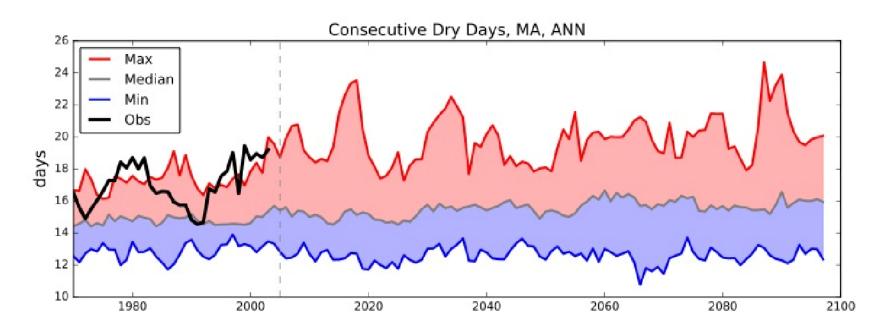
Hot extremes

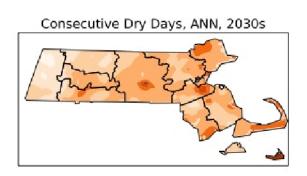


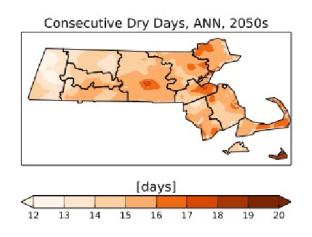


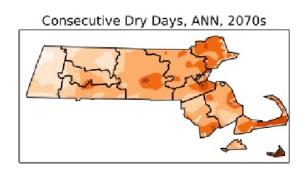


Consecutive Dry Days













Sea-Level Rise

Relative mean sea level (feet NAVD88) for Boston, MA									
Scenario	Probabilistic projections		2050	2070	2100				
Intermediate	Unlikely to exceed (83% probability) given a high emissions pathway (RCP 8.5)	0.7	1.4	2.3	4.0				
Intermediate- High	Extremely unlikely to exceed (95% probability) given a high emissions pathway (RCP 8.5)	0.8	1.7	2.9	5.0				
High	Extremely unlikely to exceed (99.5% probability) given a high emissions pathway (RCP 8.5)	1.2	2.4	4.2	7.6				
Extreme (Maximum physically plausible)	Exceptionally unlikely to exceed (99.9% probability) given a high emissions pathway (RCP 8.5)	1.4	3.1	5.4	10.2				

State of Massachusetts 2018

Coastal Storms

STORM RETURN PERIODS, IN YEARS

Year	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Category 4	Category 5
2010	12.7	30.7	54	120	325
2020	13.2	31.8	48.8	108.5	294
2030	13.6	33.1	44.2	98.1	266
2040	14.2	34.4	39.9	88.8	240
2050	14.7	35.7	36.1	80.3	217
2060	15.3	37.1	32.7	72.6	196

What do we do about it?

Mitigation Adaptation Seal Change in land use, **Energy conservation** Buildings and efficiency relocation **Emergency & business** Green Renewable energy continuity planning Infrastructure Sustainable Upgrades or hardening transportation, **Water and Energy** of building and improved fuel efficiency Conservation infrastructure Capture and use of Smart Residential programs landfill and digester gas Growth promoting adaptation Carbon sinks Health programs

(Coastal) Resilience

Resilience is an **ability** to:

adapt to changes. anticipate what might happen next **absorb** shocks when they come along bounce back quickly

Questions?

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