Disaster Preparedness Starts With You

Why Should You Be Prepared?

- Emergency resources may be limited
- Helps you and those around you survive
- Reduces fear and anxiety

Preparing is Simple: Action Steps to Preparedness

- Get Informed
- Make a Plan
- Prepare Your Home
- Assemble a Disaster and "Go" Kit
- Maintain Your Plan and Kits

Get Informed: Types of Disasters in our area

- Flooding-Coastal and low lying areas
- Fires (both forest and home)
- Winter Storms
- Disease Outbreak
- Heat wave
- Tornadoes/ Hurricanes
- Hazardous Material Spill



Get Informed:

Emergency Notifications

- Many communities now have systems that will send instant text alerts or e-mails to let you know about severe weather, road closings, local emergencies, etc. Essex-Swift 911, Gloucester Smart 911, Rockport-CodeRED, Manchester-Notify Me. Found at the communities Home page.
- Use local media.
- Social Media.

Make a Plan

Why is it important to plan ahead?

Make a Plan

Types of Preparedness Plans

- Personal (for home or workplace)
- Family (includes everyone in your household-don't forget your pets)
- Workplace (educate your co-workers on disaster preparedness)

Make a Plan Creating a plan

- Plan to survive on your own for at least 72 hours
- Know your evacuation routes
- Create a personal support network
- Plan for services to be unavailable
- Indentify your "family contact"
- ▶ Inventory home possessions-video.
- Copy important documents

Make a Plan Don't forget to include...

- Learn basic first aid and CPR skills
- Learn how to use a fire extinguisher
- Learn how to shelter in place
- Learn where your evacuation notices come from

Where do evacuation notices come from?

- Local law enforcement
- Radio
- Television
- Reverse 911 (if applicable in your area)

Make a Plan Plan for pets and service animals

- Know the laws regarding pets and service animals in shelters
- Plan for an alternative safe location for your pets
- Prepare a disaster kit and carrier if applicable for your pet
- Make sure pets and service animals are properly identified
- Make copies of vaccination and shot history
- Keep recent photos of you and your pet with your plan and kit

Prepare Your Home Exterior

- •General condition of home.
- Check windows, siding and shingles
- •Foundation-insure drainage away from structure.
- Clear gutters and down spouts
- •Clear vegetation, debris and remove overhead limps.
- •Generator use— install a "transfer switch"; never plug a generator directly into a wall outlet to avoid "back feeding" which can electrocute utility outside and 5–10 feet away from house. Use care refueling.
- Be sure house number visible on house and at end of driveway if needed.

Prepare Your Home Interior

- Smoke and Carbon monoxide detectors
- •Fire Extinguishers General ABC Rating
- •Ensure exits clear and have alternate.
- •Clearances around heating appliances and electrical panels. 3 feet or manufacture recommendation.
- •Know where water and gas shut offs. Inform family
- •Sump pumps-make sure in working order/plugged in, consider battery back-up

Disaster Kits and Go Kits

What's the difference? Stationary vs. Portable

Disaster Kit

- Must be easily accessible in your home or office
- Water (for everyone in the household for at least 72 hours)
- Non-perishable food (for everyone in household for at least 72 hours)
- Games and books for children
- Copies of personal documents
- Battery-operated or hand crank radio
- Flashlights and flameless candles
- Extra batteries
- Over the counter medicine
- First aid kit
- Change of clothes for members of the family
- Blankets
- Emergency whistle
- Hand sanitizer and personal hygiene items
- Plastic sheeting and duct tape for sheltering in place
- Cash

Go Kit

- Must be portable to take to evacuation center or shelter
- Water
- Non-perishable snack items
- Games and books for children
- Pen/pencil and paper
- Copies of important personal documents
- Personal hygiene items
- First aid kit
- Over the counter medications and personal prescriptions
- Battery operated flashlight and radio
- Extra batteries
- Clean change of clothes for family members
- Bedding (sleeping bag, pillow, blanket)
- Cash
- Other reasonable items to make you feel comfortable in a shelfer

Maintaining your plan and kit

- Practice
- Keep information updated on a regular basis
- Change items in your kits every 6 months
- Let your outside contact know where you keep your kit and what your plan is in the event of a disaster
- Include your neighbors in your plan